## **MISSISSIPPI IN 2014**

Of Mississippi high school students...

#### 48%

say they have had sex.<sup>1</sup>

#### 18%

did not use any method to prevent pregnancy.<sup>1</sup>

#### 44%

did not use condoms.<sup>1</sup>

### 83%

were never tested for HIV.<sup>1</sup>

## ENGAGE IN THE PROCESS

Ranks 3rd in the nation in teen birth rate.<sup>2</sup>

## **COAHOMA COUNTY IN 2014**

Rank among 82 counties in Mississippi:

5th in teen pregnancy rates ages 15-19<sup>3</sup>
5th in teen pregnancy rates ages 10-14<sup>3</sup>
4th in Chlamydia infection rates<sup>4</sup>
14th in Gonorrhea infection rates<sup>5</sup>

3rd in HIV rates<sup>6</sup>

38th in Syphilis rates<sup>7</sup>

#### **Adopt CHART Policy**



Sign Memorandum of Understanding with MS State Department of Health



Train Teachers on Sex Education Curricula



Conduct Implementation and Evaluation

For more information, go to teenhealthms.org or contact Josh McCawley at josh@mississippifirst.org.

# REDUCING TEEN BIRTH AND STI/HIV

in Coahoma County



**Creating Healthy and Responsible Teens** 

#### THE LAW: HB494

Requires sex education in MS public schools. Each school district must adopt an "abstinence-only" or "abstinence-plus" policy as well as a curriculum approved by the MS Department of Education.

#### THE EVIDENCE:8

Evidence-based,
"abstinence-plus" curricula
meet the needs of ALL
students and are shown to:

- Delay sexual activity
- Reduce # of partners
- Reduce frequency of sex
- Increase proper use of contraceptives

## CHART,

an "abstinenceplus" initiative, HAS BEEN ADOPTED IN §

statewide.



## **WHAT IS CHART?**

- Abstinence-plus sex education
- Evidence-based, age-appropriate, and medically accurate
- A partnership with the Mississippi State Department of Health approved by Mississippi Department of Education provides free training and technical assistance
  - **FREE** to school districts

1. Center for Disease Control and Prevention. (2015). Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance - United States, 2011. MMWR; 61(4)Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/data/yrbs/pdf/2015/ss6506\_updated.pdf. 2. Center for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics Reports (2016) Births: Final Data for 2014. Retrieved from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr64/nvsr64\_12.pdf. 3. Mississippi Department of Health; Teenage Vital Statistics Data by County of Residence and Race of Mother; Mississippi, 2014: http://msdh.ms.gov/phs/2014/Summary/teensumm\_cnty\_2014.pdf. Center for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics Reports (2016) Births: Final Data for 2014. Retrieved from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr64/nvsr64\_12.pdf. 4. Mississippi Department of Health; Reported Cases and Rates of Chlamydia by District and County:http://msdh.ms.gov/msdhsite/\_static/resources/6000.pdf. 6. Reported Cases and Rates of HIV Disease by District and County:http://msdh.ms.gov/msdhsite/\_static/resources/6001.7. Reported Cases and Rates of Primary and Secondary Syphilis by District and County:http://msdh.ms.gov/msdhsite/\_static/resources/6003.pdf. 8. K. Underhill, et al. (2007). Systematic Review of Abstinence-Plus HIV Prevention Programs in High-Income Countries. PLOS Med 4.9 (2007): 3275. pdf.

